BEFORE THE POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD STATE OF WASHINGTON

IN THE MATTER OF RONALD W. CRIPPEN dba CRIPPEN CONSTRUCTION,

Appellant,

v.

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PUGET SOUND AIR POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY,

Respondent.

PCHB-No. 86-58

FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

THIS MATTER, the appeal of a notice and order of civil penalty of \$1,000 for causing or allowing an unpermitted outdoor fire containing prohibited materials in Tacoma, Washington came on for hearing before the Pollution Control Hearings Board on June 6, 1986. Seated for and as the Board were; Lawrence J. Faulk, Wick Dufford, and Gayle Rothrock Respondent public agency elected a formal hearing, in (presiding). accordance with Chapter 43.21B.230 RCW and the case was officially reported by Lisa Flechtner, Olympia court reporter.

Appellant appeared by its company owner R.W. Crippen. Respondent PSAPCA appeared by Keith D. McGoffin, its legal counsel.

Witnesses were sworn and testified. Exhibits were admitted and examined. Argument was heard. From the testimony, evidence, and contentions of the parties the Board makes these

FINDINGS OF FACT

Ι

Respondent PSAPCA is an activated air pollution control authority operating under terms of the state Clean Air Act. They are empowered to monitor and enforce open burning codes to maintain air quality in a five-county area of mid Puget Sound. The agency has filed with the Board a certified copy of its Regulation I, and all amendments thereto, of which we take judicial notice.

ΙI

Crippen Construction Company is a general contract construction company in Tacoma. The company owns land at South 40th and Orchard Street, adjacent to a large city landfill, where they've developed part of the site into seven 4-plex residences. The owner expresses the hope of constructing additional residences and landscaping the whole site. Some illegal dumping has occurred on undeveloped areas on the site in the past.

III

On September 25, 1985 a PSAPCA inspector in mid-afternoon responded to an anonymous complaint about several fires near South 40th and Orchard emitting dense clouds of black smoke. He arrived at

FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER PCHB No. 86-58

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the Crippen site noting several separate piles of various types of material burning and smoldering.

There were ties, mattress springs and frames, composition asphalt roofing materials, painted wood, part of an auto body, a garden hose, garbage, household refuse, and natural vegetation in the fire. Odor was emerging from all the piles. Nine photographs were taken of the fires during the 27 minutes the inspector was at the site.

During his time at the site the respondent inspector did not encounter anyone attending the fires.

ΙV

Upon reviewing these developments the inspector determined there was a violation of open burning regulations, at Section 8.02(3), disallowing burning of prohibited material.

Further, he learned there existed no fire permit from Tacoma Fire Department for this burning event and this was determined to be a violation of Section 8.02(5) of PSAPCA's Regulation I. The inspector did learn appellant Crippen had a Population Density Verification issued by PSAPCA on August 5, 1985. Coming to these conclusions, he prepared two Notices of Violation for Crippen Construction and left notification for someone to contact PSAPCA.

V

On September 26, 1985 owner Ron Crippen and the PSAPCA inspector were in contact and Crippen signed for receipt of the two violation' notices. He indicated some contact with the Tacoma Fire Department relative to extinguishing the fires the previous day and was surprised

FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

to learn his contractors or employee weren't attending the fires. He professed further surprise that prohibited materials were in those same fires. His young employee who was monitoring the fires that day did not notify him of that fact.

VI

There followed a Notice and Order of Civil Penalty (Number 6383) issued to appellant Crippen on February 18, 1986 for \$1,000 for two violations of PSAPCA's Regulation I on September 25, 1986; burning prohibited materials and burning without a fire permit. From this Crippen appealed to the Board for relief on March 20, 1986.

VII

Any Conclusion of Law which is deemed a Finding of Fact is hereby adopted as such.

From these Findings, the Board comes to these

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

I

The Board has jurisdiction over these persons and these matters, Chapters 43.21B and 70.94 RCW.

ΙI

The Legislature of the State of Washington has enacted a particular policy on outdoor fires, which policy mandates great care and precaution be taken in managing fires such as the ones which are the subject of this appeal.

It is the policy of the State to achieve and maintain high levels of air quality and to this end to minimize to the greatest extent reasonably possible the burning of outdoor fires. Consistent

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with this policy, the legislature declares that such fires should be allowed only on a limited basis under strict regulation and close control. RCW 70.94.740.

Here appellant failed to properly instruct his employee on the requirement for burning only natural vegetation and the necessity of being at the fire site, with dousing water available, at all times.

III

Pursuant to statutory authority, respondent PSAPCA has adopted Regulation I, Section 8.02 which provides, at sub-section 3, that it is unlawful to cause or allow an outdoor fire containing garbage, dead animals, asphalt, petroleum products, paints, rubber products, plastics, or a substance other than natural vegetation which normally emits dense smoke or obnoxious odors.

The subject fires all contained prohibited materials and dense smoke very clearly arose from the area.

ΙV

At Regulation I, Section 8.02(5) requirement is given to comply with all applicable laws, rules for regulations of governmental agencies having jurisdiction over such fires.

These fires were not authorized, by permit, through the Tacoma Fire Department. Such permission has been required by PSAPCA regulation since 1971.

Appellant Crippen did secure a burning permit from Tacoma Fire Department shortly after the incident and commenced a lawful land clearning burning again to finish preparing the site.

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2	Crippen has no previous record of warnings or violations on file
3	with PSAPCA. He has been in general contract construction in that
4	area for 15 years and should be familiar with air pollution
5	regulations.
6	VI
7	Any Finding of Fact which is deemed a Conclusion of Law is hereby
8	adopted as such.
9	From these Conclusions, the Board enter this
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27 CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER PCHB No. 86-58

1	ORDER
2	Notice and Order of Civil Penalty #6383 is affirmed.
3	DONE this 200 day of June, 1986.
4	POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD
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7	CATDE KOTHROCK, Member
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9	LAWRENCE J. FAULK, Chairman
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